



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
NATIONAL DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT COUNCIL

National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Center, Camp Aguinaldo, Quezon City, Philippines

NDRRMC UPDATE

Severe Weather Bulletin No. 05 re Typhoon "INENG"

Releasing Officer:

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Executive Director

DATE : **19 August 2015, 5:00 PM**

Source: PAGASA-DOST

I. SITUATION OVERVIEW:

Typhoon "INENG" has maintained its strength as it moves towards extreme Northern Luzon.

Location of Center: (as of 4:00 PM)	690 km East of Calayan, Cagayan (19.0°N, 128.0°E)
Coordinates:	19.0°N, 128.0°E
Strength:	Maximum sustained winds of 180 kph near the center and gustiness of up to 215 kph
Movement:	Forecast to move West at 20 kph
Forecast Positions/Outlook:	24 hour (Tomorrow afternoon): 185 km Northeast of Calayan, Cagayan 48 hour (Friday afternoon): In the vicinity of Basco, Batanes 72 hour (Saturday afternoon): 195 km North of Basco, Batanes 96 hour (Sunday afternoon): 450 km North of Basco, Batanes 120 hour (Monday afternoon): (outside PAR) 775 km North Northeast of Basco, Batanes

PUBLIC STORM WARNING SIGNAL				
PSWS	Luzon	Visayas	Mindanao	Impacts of the wind
#2 (winds of 61 - 120 kph is expected in at least 24 hours)	Batanes Group of Islands and Cagayan including Calayan and Babuyan Group of Islands			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Light to Moderate damage to high risk structures; • Very light to light damage to medium-risk structures; • No damage to very light damage to low risk structures • Unshielded, old dilapidated schoolhouses, makeshift shanties, and other structures of light materials are partially damaged or unroofed. • A number of nipa and cogon houses may be partially or totally unroofed. • Some old galvanized iron (G.I.) roofs may be peeled or blown off. • Some wooden, old electric posts are tilted or downed. • Some damage to poorly constructed signs/billboards • In general, the winds may bring light to moderate damage to the exposed communities. Most banana plants, a few mango trees, ipil-ipil and similar types of trees are downed or broken • Some coconut trees may be tilted with few others broken • Rice and corn may be adversely affected • Considerable damage to shrubbery and trees with some heavy-foliaged trees blown down
Wave Height: 4.1 - 14.0 meters Storm surge possible at coastal areas				
#1 (winds of 30 - 60 kph is expected in at least 36 hours)	Isabela, Kalinga, Apayao, Abra and Ilocos Norte	-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Very light or no damage to high risk structures. • Light damage to medium to low risk structures. • Slight damage to some houses of very light materials or makeshift structures in exposed communities. Some banana plants are tilted, a few downed and leaves are generally damaged. • Twigs of small trees may be broken. • Rice crops, however, may suffer significant damage when it is in its flowering stage.
Wave Height: (Open Sea) 1.25-4.0 meters				

- Estimated rainfall amount is from moderate to heavy within the **600 km** diameter of the typhoon.
- Enhanced “Habagat” currently affecting Palawan and Visayas, occasional rains over the western section of Luzon including Metro Manila possible beginning Thursday until early next week.
- **Sea Travel is risky over the eastern seaboard of Luzon and seaboards of Northern and Eastern Samar.**
- The public and the disaster risk reduction and management council concerned are advised to take appropriate actions and watch for the next bulletin to be issued at 11:00 PM today.

II. ACTION/S TAKEN

- **NDRRMC Operations Center** disseminated **Severe Weather Bulletin No. 05** re **Typhoon “INENG” (GONI)** to all OCD Regional Centers through SMS and facsimile and uploaded on the NDRRMC website for further dissemination to their respective local disaster risk reduction and management councils (LDRRMCs) from the provincial down to the municipal levels.
 - Directed RDRRMCs concerned through the OCD Regional Centers to undertake precautionary measures in their areas of responsibility (AOR) and subsequently advised local DRRMCs to initiate pre-emptive evacuation of families in low-lying and mountainous areas if situation warrants.
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