

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

NATIONAL DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT COUNCIL

National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Center, Camp Aguinaldo, Quezon City, Philippines

NDRRMC UPDATE

Severe Weather Bulletin No. 20 re Typhoon "LANDO"

Releasing Officer:

USEC ALEXANDER P. PAMA

Executive Director

DATE

19 October 2015, 11:00 PM

Source: PAGASA-DOST

I. SITUATION OVERVIEW:

"LANDO" has further weakened as it exited the landmass of llocos Norte.

Location of Center: (as of 10:00 p.m.)	45 km West Northwest of Laoag City, Ilocos Norte		
Coordinates:	18.4°N, 119.6°E		
Strength:	Maximum sustained winds of 95 kph near the center and gustiness of up to 120 kph.		
Movement:	Forecast to move North Northeast at 6 kph.		
Forecast Positions/Outlook:	 24 hour (Tomorrow evening): 115 km West of Calayan, Cagayan 48 hour (Wednesday evening): 90 km Southwest of Itbayat, Batanes 72 hour (Thursday evening): 80 km North Northwest of Itbayat, Batanes 96 hour (Friday evening): 225 km North of Itbayat, Batanes 120 hour (Saturday evening): 390 km North of Itbayat, Batanes 		

PUBLIC STORM WARNING SIGNAL				
PSWS	Luzon	Visayas	Mindanao	Impacts of the Wind
#2 (winds of 61 - 120 kph is expected in at least 24 hours)	 Ilocos Norte Ilocos Sur Abra Apayao Northern Cagayan including Calayan and 	•.	-	 Light to Moderate damage to high risk structures; Very light to light damage to medium-risk structures; No damage to very light damage to low risk structures Unshielded, old dilapidated schoolhouses, makeshift shanties,

Babuyan Group of Islands	and other structures of light materials are partially damaged or unroofed. A number of nipa and cogon houses may be partially or totally unroofed. Some old galvanized iron (G.I.) roofs may be peeled or blown off. Some wooden, old electric posts are tilted or downed. Some damage to poorly constructed signs/billboards In general, the winds may bring light to moderate damage to the exposed communities. Most banana plants, a few mango trees, ipil-ipil and similar types of trees are downed or broken Some coconut trees may be tilted with few others broken Rice and corn may be adversely affected Considerable damage to shrubbery and trees with some heavy-foliaged trees blown down
#1 (winds of 30 - 60 kph is expected in at least 36 hours) - 60 kph is expected in at least Batanes - Isabela - Rest of Cagayan - Nueva Vizcaya - Mt Province - Kalinga	 Very light or no damage to low risk structures. Light damage to medium to high risk structures. Slight damage to some houses of very light materials or makeshift structures in exposed communities. Some banana plants are tilted, a few downed and leaves are generally damaged. Twigs of small trees may be broken. Rice crops, however, may suffer significant damage when it is in its flowering stage.

- Estimated rainfall amount is from heavy to intense within the 600 km diameter of the severe tropical storm.
- Fisherfolk are advised not to venture out over seaboards of Luzon and Visayas.
- Occasional rains and gusty winds will be experienced over provinces under PSWS#1 while those under PSWS#2 will have stormy weather. Residents in low lying and mountainous areas of the provinces with PSWS are alerted against possible flashfloods and landslides.
- Storm surge may reach to a maximum of up to 2 meters in the provinces affected by the severe tropical storm.
- Public Storm Warning Signal (PSWS) elsewhere is now lowered.
- The public and the disaster risk reduction and management council concerned are advised to take appropriate actions and watch for the next bulletin to be issued at 5 AM tomorrow.

II. ACTION/S TAKEN

- NDRRMC Operations Center disseminated Severe Weather Bulletin No. 20 re Typhoon
 "LANDO" to all OCD Regional Centers through SMS and facsimile and uploaded on the
 NDRRMC website for further dissemination to their respective Local Disaster Risk Reduction
 and Management Councils (LDRRMCs) from the provincial down to the municipal levels.
- Directed RDRRMCs concerned through the OCD Regional Centers to undertake precautionary measures in their Areas of Responsibility (AOR) and subsequently advised local DRRMCs to initiate pre-emptive evacuation of families in low-lying and mountainous areas if situation warrants.