

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

NATIONAL DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT COUNCIL

National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Center, Camp Aguinaldo, Quezon City, Philippines

NDRRMC UPDATE

Severe Weather Bulletin No. 7 re Typhoon "NONA"

Releasing Officer:

USEC. ALEXANDER P. PAMA
Executive Director

DATE

13 December 2015 issued at 11:00 PM

Source: PAGASA-DOST

I. SITUATION OVERVIEW:

Typhoon "NONA" has intensified further as it continues to threaten Samar-Sorsogon area.

Location of Center: (as of 10:00 PM)	325 km East of Catarman, Northern Samar		
Coordinates:	12.3°N, 127.6°E		
Strength:	Maximum sustained winds of 150 kph near the center and gustiness of up to 185 kph.		
Movement:	Forecast to move West at 19 kph		
Forecast Positions/Outlook:	Tomorrow evening: In the vicinity of Donsol, Sorsogon		
	Tueday evening: In the vicinity of Northern Mindoro		
	Wednesday evening: 290 km West Northwest of San Jose, Occidental Mindoro		
	Thursday evening:		
	310 km Northwest of Puerto Princesa City, Palawan		
	Friday evening:		
	575 km West of Puerto Princesa City, Palawan (Outside PAR)		

PUBLIC STORM WARNING SIGNAL					
PSWS	Luzon	Visayas	Mindanao	Impacts of the wind	
#3 (winds of 121 - 170 kph is expected in at least 24 hours)	Catanduanes, Sorsogon, Albay including Ticao Island	Northern Samar, Eastern Samar, and Samar		Heavy damage to high-risk structure Moderate damage to medium risk structure; light damage to low-risk structures; Increasing damage (up to more than 50%) to old	

			dilapidated residential structures and houses of light materials. Majority of all nipa and cogon houses may be unrooted or destroyed. Houses of medium strength materials (old, timber or mixed timber-CHB structures, usually with G.I. roofings) some structures warehouses or bodega-type structures are unrooted There may be widespread distruption of electrical power and communication services. Almost all banana plants are downed Some big trees (acacia, mango, etc) are broken and uprooted Dwarf-type or hybrid coconut trees are tilted or downed
¥	#	8	Rice and corn crops may suffer heavy losses
			 Damage to shrubbery and trees with foliage blown of some large trees blown down.
	(Ocean Wave Height: (Open	
#2 (winds of 61 - 120 kph is expected in 24 hours)	Masbate including, Burias Island, Camarines Sur, Camarines Norte, Marinduque, Romblon, Southern Quezon	Leyte and Biliran	Light to Moderate damage to high risk structures; Very light to light damage to medium-risk structures; No damage to very light damage to low risk structures Unshielded, old dilapidated school, houses, makeshift shanties, and other structures of light materials are partially damaged or unroofed. A number of nipa and cogon houses may be partially or totally unroofed. Some old galvanized iron (G.I.) roofs may be peeled or blown off. Some wooden, old electric posts are tilted or downed. Some damage to poorly constructed signs/billboards In general, the winds may bring light to moderate damage to the exposed communities. Most banana plants, a few mango trees, ipilipil and similar types of trees are downed or broken Some coconut trees may be tilted with few others broken

		Open Sep W	ave Height: 4.4	Rice and corn may be adversely affected Considerable damage to shrubbery and trees with some heavy-foliaged trees blown down. 14.0 meters		
	Open Sea Wave Height: 4.1-14.0 meters Storm surge possible at coastal areas					
#1 (winds of 30 - 60 kph is expected in 36 hours)	Oriental Mindoro, Batangas, Laguna, rest of Quezon	Southern Leyte, Northern Cebu including Bantayan and Camotes Islands, Aklan, Capiz, Negros Occidental	Dinagat Province and Siargao Island	 Very light or no damage to low risk structures. Light damage to medium to high risk structures. Slight damage to some houses of very light materials or makeshift structures in exposed communities. Some banana plants are tilted, a few downed and leaves are generally damaged. Twigs of small trees may be broken. Rice crops, however, may suffer significant damage when it is in its flowering stage 		
	Wave Height (Open Sea): 1.25-4.0 meters					

- Estimated rainfall amount is from moderate to heavy within the 300 km diameter of the typhoon
- It is possible to raise PSWS #1 over the rest of Southern Luzon and Metro Manila tomorrow
- Storm surges of up to 3.6 meters are possible over the areas under PSWS#2 and #3
- The public and the disaster risk reduction and management councils concerned are advised to take appropriate actions and watch for the next Severe Weather Bulletin to be issued at 05:00 AM tomorrow

II. ACTION/S TAKEN

- NDRRMC Operations Center disseminated Severe Weather Bulletin No. 7 re
 Typhoon "NONA" to all OCD Regional Centers through SMS and facsimile and
 uploaded on the NDRRMC website for further dissemination to their respective local
 disaster risk reduction and management councils (LDRRMCs) from the provincial
 down to the municipal levels
- Directed RDRRMCs concerned through the OCD Regional Centers to undertake precautionary measures in their areas of responsibility (AOR) and subsequently advised local DRRMCs to initiate pre-emptive evacuation of families in low-lying and mountainous areas if situation warrants