

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

NATIONAL DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT COUNCIL

National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Center, Camp Aguinaldo, Quezon City, Philippines

NDRRMC UPDATE

Severe Weather Bulletin No. 11 re Typhoon "NONA"

Releasing Officer:

14 December 2015 issued at 11:00 PM

DATE : Source: PAGASA-DOS

Marinduque

and Rombion

I. SITUATION OVERVIEW:

Typhoon "NONA" has crossed Burias Island and is now traversing Sibuyan Sea.

Location of Center: (as of 10:00 PM)		Over Sibuyan Sea or 100 km East Northeast of Romblon, Romblon					
Coordinates:		12.7°N, 123.2°E					
Strength: Movement: Forecast Positions/ Outlook:		Maximum sustained winds of 150 kph near the center and gustiness of up to 185 kph. Forecast to move West at 15 kph					
							Tomorrow evening: 120 km West of San Jose, Occidental Mindoro Wednesday evening: 230 km Northwest of Puerto Princesa City, Palawan Thursday evening: 410 km West of Puerto Princesa City, Palawan Friday evening: 790 km West Southwest of Puerto Princesa City, Palawan (Outside PAR) Saturday evening: 1210 km West Southwest of Puerto Princesa City, Palawan (Outside PAR)
				PU	BLIC STORM	WARNING SIGN	NAL
PSWS	Luz	on	Visayas	Mindanao	Impacts of the wind		
#3 (winds of 121 - 170 kph is expected in at least 18 hours)	Oriental Mindoro, Masbate including Ticao and Burias Island, Albay, Marinduque			254	Heavy damage to high-risk structure Moderate damage to medium risk structure; light damage to low-risk structures; Increasing damage (up to more than 50%) to old dilapidated residential		

structures and houses of light

materials. Majority of all nipa

				and cogon houses may be unrooted or destroyed. Houses of medium strength materials (old, timber or mixed timber-CHB structures, usually with G.I. roofings) some structures warehouses or bodega-type structures are unrooted There may be widespread distruption of electrical power and communication services. Almost all banana plants are downed Some big trees (acacia, mango, etc) are broken and uprooted Dwarf-type or hybrid coconut trees are tilted or downed Rice and corn crops may suffer heavy losses Damage to shrubbery and trees with foliage blown of some large trees blown down.
	(ight: (Open Sea	51 L. (1917) - 1 (1914) 1 (1914
		Storm surge i	may reach up to	Light to Moderate damage to
#2 (winds of 61 - 120 kph is expected in 24 hours)	Camarines Sur, Camarines Norte Sorsogon, Catanduanes Southern Quezon, Batangas, Calamian Group of Islands and Occidental Mindoro including Lubang Island	Northern Samar	-	high risk structures; Very light to light damage to medium-risk structures; No damage to very light damage to low risk structures Unshielded, old dilapidated school, houses, makeshift shanties, and other structures of light materials are partially damaged or unroofed. A number of nipa and cogon houses may be partially or totally unroofed. Some old galvanized iron (G.I.) roofs may be peeled or blown off. Some wooden, old electric posts are tilted or downed. Some damage to poorly constructed signs/billboards In general, the winds may bring light to moderate damage to the exposed communities. Most banana plants, a few mango trees, ipilipil and similar types of trees are downed or broken Some coconut trees may be tilted with few others broken Rice and corn may be adversely affected Considerable damage to

	-		shrubbery and trees with some heavy-foliaged trees blown down.			
		Open Sea Wave Heig Storm surge possib				
#1 (winds of 30 - 60 kph is expected in 36 hours)	Metro Manila, Cavite, Laguna, Rizal, Northern Palawan, Bulacan, Bataan, and rest of Quezon including Polilio Island	Eastern Samar, Samar, Biliran, Leyte, Northern Cebu including Bantayan and Camotes Islands, Aklan, Capiz, Antique, and lloilo	 Very light or no damage to low risk structures. Light damage to medium to high risk structures. Slight damage to some houses of very light materials or makeshift structures in exposed communities. Some banana plants are tilted, a few downed and leaves are generally damaged. Twigs of small trees may be broken. Rice crops, however, may suffer significant damage when it is in its flowering stage 			
	Wave Height (Open Sea): 1.25-4.0 meters					

- Estimated rainfall amount is from heavy to at times intense within the 250 km diameter of the typhoon
- Flashfloods and landslides are expected over areas under signal #2 and 3, while storm surges up to three (3) meters are possible.
- Nona is expected to pass over Mindoro Provinces tomorrow afternoon.
- PSWS elsewhere are now lifted.
- The public and the disaster risk reduction and management councils concerned are advised to take appropriate actions.

II. ACTION/S TAKEN

- NDRRMC Operations Center disseminated Severe Weather Bulletin No. 11 re Typhoon "NONA" to all OCD Regional Centers through SMS and facsimile and uploaded on the NDRRMC website for further dissemination to their respective local disaster risk reduction and management councils (LDRRMCs) from the provincial down to the municipal levels
- Directed RDRRMCs concerned through the OCD Regional Centers to undertake precautionary measures in their areas of responsibility (AOR) and subsequently advised local DRRMCs to initiate pre-emptive evacuation of families in low-lying and mountainous areas if situation warrants