



NDRRMC ADVISORY

TO : Chairperson of RDRRMC/OCDRO III
FROM : Executive Director, NDRRMC and Administrator, OCD
SUBJECT : Flood Bulletin No. **03** for Pampanga River Basin and Allied Rivers
DATE : **08 September 2018**

Source: PAGASA-DOST Issued at 5:00 AM, 08 September 2018

AVERAGE BASIN RAINFALL AS OF 4:00AM TODAY:

Past 24-hrs observed rainfall = 30 MM

Forecast 24-hr basin rainfall = 15 to 25 MM

As of 4:00AM today, the stretch of main Pampanga River remained just below alarm level (Orange) status. Slow rise at the lower sections of Lower Main Pampanga River to continue.

The Southwest Moonsoon (Habagat) will bring cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms over the Allied Sub-basin of Pasac-Guagua and lower Main Pampanga River Basin (including Candaba Swamp area) during the forecast period.

SUB-BASINS: RIVER CHANNELS. TRIBUTARIES, SWAMP	AREAS LIKELY TO BE AFFECTED	IMPACTS
Tributary Rio Chico River	La Paz, Concepcion, Zaragoza and San Antonio	Flooding due to accumulation / ponding of rainwater particularly at low-lying river side areas/ areas w/ poor drainage systems.
Pasac – Guagua River Sub Basin: Abacan, Porac – Gumain, Pasig – Potrero Rivers	Sasmuan, Guagua, Lubao, Bacolor, Sta. Rita, Minalin, Sto. Tomas, Mexico, City of San Fernando, Macabebe, Masantol and Floridablanca	Flooding due to accumulation/ponding of rainwater particularly at low-lying areas and areas with poor drainage system combined with coastal flooding as a result of high – tide at riverside and coastal areas.
Lower Main Pampanga Basin: Candaba Swamp and stretched of the Lower	Bulacan – Pampanga Delta Areas: Candaba, San Luis, San Simon, Apalit, Calumpit, Hagonoy, Paombong,	Flooding due to accumulation/ponding of rainwater particularly at low-lying areas (including the swamp area) and areas with

Pampanga River	Macabebe and Masantol	poor drainage system combined with coastal flooding as a result of high – tide at riverside and coastal areas.
----------------	-----------------------	--

Residents and Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Councils (LDRRMCS) concerned are still advised to continue to maintain precautionary measures to mitigate adverse impacts of river flooding due to the accumulation /ponding of rainwater combined with the effects with effects of high tides and including areas with poor drainage systems.

Let's untiringly aim for zero casualties.

Submit report on actions taken.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE CHAIRPERSON, NDRRMC:



USEC. RICARDO B. JALAD
Executive Director, NDRRMC and
Administrator, OCD