



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
NATIONAL DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT COUNCIL

National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Center, Camp Aguinaldo, Quezon City, Philippines

**RESOLUTION EXPANDING THE COVERAGE OF DISASTER RESPONSE AND
EARLY RECOVERY**

NDRRMC RESOLUTION NO. 9, s. 2021

WHEREAS, Section 2(l) of Republic Act (RA) No. 10121, otherwise known as the “Philippine Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act of 2010,” provides that it shall be the policy of the State to recognize and strengthen the capacities of local government units (LGUs) and communities in mitigating and preparing for, responding to, and recovering from the impact of disasters;

WHEREAS, Section 2(p) of Republic Act No. 10121 provides that it shall be the policy of the State to provide maximum care, assistance and services to individuals and families affected by disaster, implement emergency rehabilitation projects to lessen the impact of disaster, and facilitate resumption of normal social and economic activities;

WHEREAS, Section 3(l), of RA No. 10121 defines Disaster Response as the provision of emergency services and public assistance during or immediately after a disaster in order to save lives, reduce health impacts, ensure public safety and meet the basic subsistence needs of the people affected. Disaster response is predominantly focused on immediate and short-term needs and is sometimes called “disaster relief”;

WHEREAS, Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG) Memorandum Circular No. 2012 – 73 enumerates activities that are covered under Disaster Response, wherein the Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Fund (LDRRMF) may be utilized:

1. Provide alternative livelihood relief or assistance to fisher folks during typhoons;
2. Provide alternative livelihood relief or assistance to farmers if crops are destroyed after disasters;
3. Provide alternative livelihood activities and other small-scale entrepreneurial activities while in the evacuation centers;
4. Provide tents and other temporary shelter facilities;
5. Provide food subsistence or relief goods to disaster victims; and
6. Conduct trainings for DANA (disaster assessment and needs analysis) and post DANA capabilities

WHEREAS, Section 5.3 of the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), Department of Budget and Management (DBM) and DILG Joint Memorandum Circular No. 2013-1 enumerates projects and activities that are covered under Disaster Response, wherein the LDRRMF may be utilized:

1. Provide alternative livelihood relief or assistance to victims of disasters;
2. Provide tents and other temporary shelter facilities;
3. Provide food subsistence or relief goods to disaster victims; and
4. Other programs or projects of similar nature and considered necessary

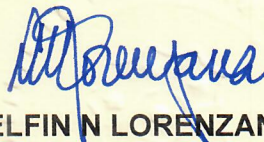
WHEREAS, the updated National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Plan (NDRRMP) 2020 – 2020 expands Disaster Response into Disaster Response and Early Recovery. In page 85, it is stated that it provides for key actions that give importance to activities during actual disaster response operations such as needs assessment, search and rescue, relief operations, and early recovery activities. Further, it is stated that activities will be done either before the actual response operations or during the disaster event;

WHEREAS, the coverage of Disaster Response needs to be expanded to conform to the needs of the times by incorporating elements of preparedness before the impact and early recovery efforts;

NOW, THEREFORE, the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) **RESOLVES**, to expand the coverage of Disaster Response and Early Recovery as a Thematic Pillar to encapsulate programs, projects and activities, including all associated administrative, procurement, budgetary and operational requirements, that shall fall under the Pre-Impact, Impact and Post-Impact Phases, as follows:

- **Pre-Impact Phase:** This covers the period that is before the projected impact or occurrence of the disaster. Early warning is given upon detection of the hazard. During this period, decision makers and operations personnel are undertaking measures to prepare for the anticipated effects of the disaster. During this phase, emergency preparedness measures and related plans are activated in advance.
- **Impact Phase:** This covers the period when the disaster actually takes place. The period may last for minutes, days, weeks or even months, depending on the hazard. During this phase, emergency response measures and related plans are being implemented.
- **Post-Impact Phase:** This phase covers the period when the emergency situation is gradually transitioning to normalcy. Emergency lifesaving interventions have been completed while measures for life sustaining services are in effect. Further, Preparations for long term rehabilitation and recovery are initiated.

Done this 28th day of September 2021 Camp General Emilio Aguinaldo, Quezon City.



DELFIN N LORENZANA
Chairperson, NDRRMC and
Secretary of National Defense

