




NDRRMC UPDATE

Final Report re Preparedness Measures for Typhoon “PAENG” (I.N. “TRAMI”) 23 – 29 September 2018

Releasing Officer:


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Sources: DOST-PAGASA, DILG, DSWD, DOH, OCDROs I, II, CAR, MIMAROPA, and VIII

I. SITUATION OVERVIEW

A. Chronology and Typhoon Track

23 September 2018

The Typhoon with international name “TRAMI” entered the Philippine Area of Responsibility (PAR) and was named “PAENG”. It intensified further as it moves west northwestward.

24 September 2018

At 10:00 PM, Typhoon “PAENG” slowed down while moving in the same direction.

25 September 2018

At around 2:00 AM, Typhoon “PAENG” reached its peak intensity, which was estimated at 200 km/h with gustiness of up to 245 km/h and it continued to move northward very slowly. The intensity of the system started to decline later that day as it became almost quasi-stationary over the waters east of Batanes Province.

26 September 2018

Typhoon “PAENG” slightly weakened and later reduced more strength as it continued to move slowly.

27 September 2018

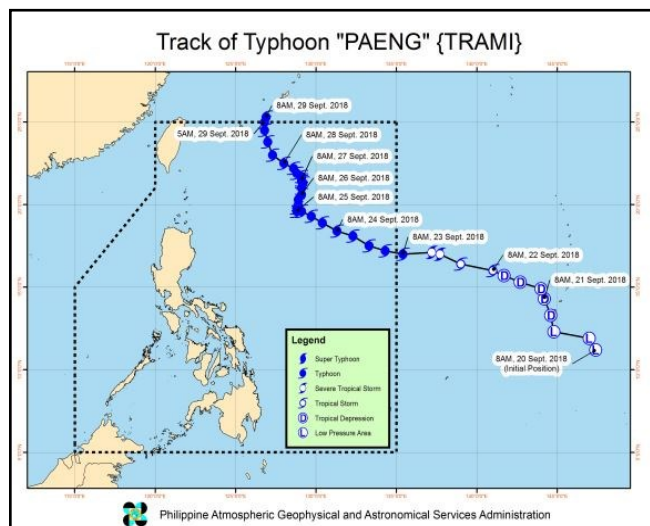
Typhoon “PAENG” remained quasi-stationary while maintaining its strength.

28 September 2018

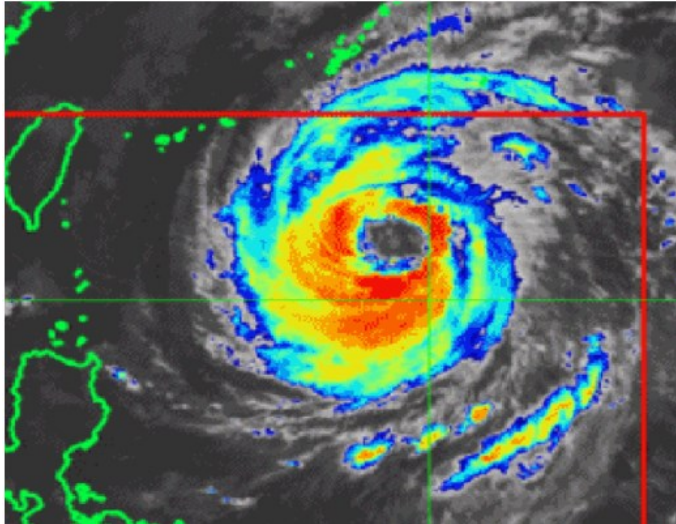
Typhoon “PAENG” maintained its strength while moving generally north-northwestward.

29 September 2018

At around 6:00 AM, Typhoon “PAENG” left the PAR.



B. Typhoon Analysis



PAENG developed from an area of low pressure just south of Guam in the Northern Mariana Islands on 21 September, 2:00 AM. Initially, the TD moved northward to the west of Guam. The TC reached Tropical Storm intensity on 22 September, 8:00 AM.

On the next day at 8:00 AM, while moving westward, PAENG intensified into TY just before entering the PAR at 10:30 AM. While inside the

PAR, the TY started slowing down while its intensity increased steadily. PAENG reached its peak intensity with estimated maximum sustained winds of 200 km/h on 25 September, 2:00 AM. Around this time, the typhoon moved northward very slowly. The intensity of the system started declining later that day as it became almost quasi-stationary over the waters east of Batanes Province. The typhoon eventually left the PAR on 29 September, 6:00 AM. The TC started to accelerate over the southern islands of Japan in the succeeding hours.

PAENG did not make landfall in any part of the country and had little influence in the local weather. However, the typhoon induced unsettled sea conditions in the northern and eastern seaboard of Luzon.

No Tropical Cyclone Warning Signal (TCWS) was raised during its occurrence inside the PAR.

II. DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

A. National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council

1. NDRRM Operations Center (NDRRMOC)

- a. The alert status at the NDRRMOC was raised to **RED ALERT** effective 11 September 2018, 8:00 AM.
- b. Conducted Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment (PDRA) Core Group Meeting for TY "PAENG" (I.N. "TRAMI") on 24 September 2018, 3:00 PM.
- c. Monitored and disseminated Severe Weather Bulletins, Weather Advisories, 24-hour Public Weather Forecasts, Gale Warning, and other advisories to all RDRRMCs/OCDROs through SMS, facsimile, and official social media websites for further dissemination to their respective Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Councils (LDRRMCs).

2. Office of Civil Defense (OCD)

- a. Issued Memorandum regarding Conduct of Risk-Assessment in Areas with Mining and Quarrying Activities to all OCD Regional Offices.

3. Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Service Administration (DOST-PAGASA)

- Provided updates on the possible track of the said weather disturbance during the meeting on 24 September 2018.
- Disseminated Weather Forecasts, General Flood Advisories, and Severe Weather Bulletins (SWBs).

4. Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG)

- Provided information/advisories to all concerned DILG Regional Offices (ROs) regarding the weather disturbance thru text and email.
- Provided constant updates on weather alerts/advisories to all ROs.
- Directed all concerned DILG ROs to take proactive measures in the impending disaster.
- Issued an advisory to all DILG Regional DRR-CCA Focal Persons and DILG Regional Offices on the entry of TY "PAENG" to PAR.
- Disseminated weather advisories to all concerned DILG ROs.

5. Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD)

- The DSWD Central Office (CO), concerned Field Offices (FOs), and National Resource Operations Center (NROC) had stockpiles and standby funds amounting to ₱1,489,463,502.90 with breakdown as follows:

Stockpiles

Made available a total of 386,413 Family Food Packs (FFPs) amounting to ₱130,083,366.85 and Food and Non-food Items (FNIs) amounting to ₱700,766,302.43.

Standby Funds

A total of ₱658,613,833.62 standby funds in the CO and FOs. Of the said amount, ₱589,309,966.00 was the available Quick Response Fund in the CO.

FIELD OFFICE	STANDBY FUNDS	FAMILY FOOD PACKS	STOCKPILE OF RELIEF ITEMS*	GRAND TOTAL
	658,613,833.62	386,413	830,849,669.28	1,489,463,502.90
CENTRAL OFFICE**	589,309,966.00	-	-	589,309,966.00
NROC	-	39,682	299,462,893.00	299,462,893.00
NCR	3,620,973.50	19,351	7,804,091.75	11,425,065.25
CAR	6,853,185.95	13,468	22,103,757.20	28,956,943.15
I	10,560,000.00	25,210	23,558,236.44	34,118,236.44
II	14,500,000.00	33,900	12,419,970.65	26,919,970.65
III	3,424,610.00	18,885	19,284,804.66	22,709,414.66
CALABARZON	3,716,000.00	5,039	10,380,685.10	14,096,685.10
MIMAROPA	4,000,000.00	21,785	16,469,881.47	20,469,881.47
V	2,745,582.32	32,697	67,424,512.00	70,170,094.32
VI	1,400,000.00	14,822	24,258,202.17	25,658,202.17
VII	1,468,000.00	79,218	95,063,555.11	96,531,555.11
VIII	2,697,960.00	18,488	65,265,215.77	67,963,175.77
IX	2,176,505.85	13,220	15,679,173.29	17,855,679.14
X	3,140,700.00	17,536	108,587,745.32	111,728,445.32
XI	3,000,000.00	23,582	20,518,595.26	23,518,595.26
XII	3,000,350.00	3,547	6,065,758.92	9,066,108.92
CARAGA	3,000,000.00	5,983	16,502,591.17	19,502,591.17

Note: Ongoing repacking of FFPs in Regions with below 30,000 level of FFPs

39,682 FFPs available at National Resource Operation Center (NROC)

79,218 FFPs Visayas Disaster Resource Center (VDRC)

- DSWD-DReAMB Operations Center was placed on White and on standby for possible raise of alert level.

- c. The Disaster Response Operations Monitoring and Information Center (DROMIC) of the DSWD-DReAMB monitored the disaster events and report updates.
- d. DSWD CO-QRTs were alerted and were placed on standby for possible augmentation to disaster affected areas.
- e. NROC, Pasay City, and Visayas Disaster Response Center, Cebu City were on standby for possible augmentation of Food and Non-Food Items (FNFI).
- f. Food and Non-Food Items were prepared and made available at any given time.

6. Department of Health (DOH)

- a. Raised Code Alert.
- b. Monitored the weather disturbance through PAGASA.
- c. Prepositioned human resources.
- d. Stockpiled medicines and medical supplies.
- e. Issued alert memorandum to all regional offices to actively monitor the following:
 - a. Weather Disturbance.
 - b. Activation of Code Alert and 24/7 Operations Center.
 - c. Health Emergency Response Teams be on standby and ready for deployment.
- f. A total amount of ₱37,139,364.76 of logistics was made available at the DOH Central Office and Regional Offices I, II, III, and CAR warehouses. Moreover, a total of ₱6,276,623.63 amount of logistics were prepositioned by DOH Regional Offices I, II, III, and CAR to its respective provinces.

REGION	PREPOSITIONED LOGISTICS TO PROVINCES (IN PHP)	LOGISTICS AVAILABLE AT WAREHOUSE (IN PHP)
I	4,486,335.52	1,603,531.93
II	75,000.00	450,000.00
III	740,288.11	5,000,000.00
CAR	300,000.00	900,000.00
DOH CO	-	29,185,832.83
TOTAL	₱6,276,623.63	₱37,139,364.76

Source: DOH HEMB Logistics Focal Person and DOH Regional Offices I, II, III, and CAR dated 25 September 2018

DOH Regional Offices

- a. Prepositioned assorted medicines in the provinces through the Provincial DOH Offices.
- b. Alerted all Provincial DOH Officers to actively monitor and report untoward incident in their respective area of responsibility.
- c. Rapid Health Assessment team was placed on standby for immediate deployment.
- d. Coordinated with Provincial DOH Offices (PDOHO), Provincial Health Offices (PHOs), Office of the Civil Defense (OCD), and Regional and Local Disaster Risk Reduction Management Councils.

B. Regional / Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Councils (R/LDRRMCs)

- **RDRRMC/OCDROs I, II, MIMAROPA, VIII, and CAR** disseminated weather advisories/bulletins to RDRRMC Member-Agencies, P/C/MDRRMCs, and local media (radio stations) through OCD Short

Messaging System, and uploaded the same to social accounts to effectively ensure public safety and achieve zero-casualty.

1. RDRRMC I

OCD I

- a. Conducted Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment (PDRA) Meetings on 24 September 2018 at RDRRMC I Emergency Operations Center, Pagdalagan, San Fernando City, La Union and joined NDRRMC PDRA through video conference (WebEx).
- b. Directed the Regional Incident Management Team (RIMT) and Rapid Disaster Assessment and Needs Analysis (RDANA) Team to be on-standby and ready for deployment.
- c. Updated response resources and assets.

DOH I

- a. The DOH Regional Office 1 Operations Center (OpCen) operated on a 24-hour basis to monitor the effects and impact of the current situation/event.
- b. The DOH RO1 and the four (4) Provincial DOH Office Operations Center coordinated with respective DRRMOs and other concerned Regional Agencies. Data gathered and reports captured were verified/validated by said PDOHO Operations Centers and submitted to the DOH Regional OpCen for consolidation.
- c. The three (3) DOH Retained Hospitals (Mariano Marcos Memorial Hospital and Medical Center in Batac City, Ilocos Norte; Ilocos Training and Regional Medical Center in San Fernando City, La Union; and Region 1 Medical Center in Dagupan City, Pangasinan) were placed on standby to provide essential health services (laboratories, medicines, treatment and rehabilitation) to accommodate any surge in number of patients/cases seeking health services related to the typhoon.
- d. Placed on NO CODE Alert Status.
- e. Prepositioned drugs, medicines, and commodities to the Provincial DOH Offices (PDOHOs):

PDOHOs	Existing Inventory as of 12 Sept 2018 (Php)	From DOH RO1 as of 13 Sept 2018 (Php)	Additional Preposition from DOH R1 (14-19 Sept 2018) (Php)	Total Inventory as of 18 Sept 2018 (Php)	Allocated to LGU by PDOHO (Php)	Balance (Php)
Ilocos Norte	380,814.63	170,765.00	608,985.48	1,160,565.11	523,231.69	637,333.42
Ilocos Sur	259,508.00	161,917.28	172,334.18	593,759.46	48,405.98	545,353.48
La Union	7,997.46	106,866.55	14,181.68	129,045.69	-	129,045.69
Pangasinan	2,661,992.49	-	512,610.44	3,174,602.93	-	3,174,602.93
Sub-Total	3,310,312.58	439,548.83	1,308,111.78	5,057,973.19	571,637.67	4,486,335.52
Office	Existing Inventory as of 12 Sept 2018 (Php)	From DOH HEMB (Php)		Total Inventory as of 15 Sept 2018 (Php)	Allocated to PDOHOs/LGUs (Php)	Balance (Php)
DOH RO1	1,550,862.16	457,421.00	279,864.00	2,288,147.16	684,615.23	1,603,531.93
Grand Total	4,861,174.74	896,969.83	1,587,975.78	7,346,120.35	1,256,252.90	6,089,867.45

MDRRMC Sta. Barbara, Pangasinan

- a. Monitored and prepared all necessary equipment for possible response.
- b. Monitored the flow of water of Sinucalan River from upstream.
- c. Closely coordinated with the Barangay Officials especially to low-lying areas.
- d. Conducted monitoring and coordinated with BFP-Sta. Barbara.

- e. Alerted all volunteers and WASAR teams for possible deployment.
- f. Monitored updates from PAGASA, NDRRMC, PDRRMO, Project NOAH and DILG CODIX.

2. RDRRMC II

OCD II

- a. Conducted Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment (PDRA) on 24 September 2018, 1:00 PM at OCDR2 attended by select RDRRMC member agencies.
- b. OCD II EOC raised its alert status to RED.
- c. Prepositioned 600 Family Packs of Non-Food Items and 1,200 boxes of Hygiene Kits to PDRRMO Batanes.
- d. Monitored the regional situation.
- e. Established communication link with PDRRM Operations Center thru HF/VHF radio communications.

DOST II

- a. Monitored all Automated Rain Gauges (ARGs) and Water Level Monitoring Stations (WLMS) to ensure appropriate information was timely given.
- b. Monitored the 51 units Flood Early Warning Stations (FEWS) installed all over the region and assisted MDRRMOs 24/7 to facilitate the triggering of their FEWS thru website in partnership with DOST-ASTI Operations Center based in Quezon City.
- c. Disseminated the latest weather bulletins from DOST-PAGASA to P/C/MDRRMCs, DOST personnel and other concerned institutions.
- d. Posted the latest weather bulletins from DOST-PAGASA to DOST R02 Facebook account and page.

DILG II

Disseminated Memorandum to all LGUs to exhaust all possible preparedness measures to ensure safety of their constituents and monitored updates issued by PAGASA.

DSWD II

- a. The Field Office made available standby funds of ₱10,208,531.04 and stockpile of 2,500 family food packs readily available.
- b. The DMRT in the Field Office, SWAD, and MAT Teams in the provinces of Batanes, Cagayan, Isabela, Quirino, and Nueva Vizcaya were on alert.

DOH II

- a. Activated Code White Alert in the Regional Office, PDOHO-Batanes, and Batanes General Hospital.
- b. Prepositioned Drugs and Medicines and other Logistics amounting to ₱250,000.00 in the Province of Batanes.

3. RDRRMC MIMAROPA

OCD MIMAROPA

- a. Coordinated with LDRRMOs MIMAROPA and RDRRMC re Preparedness Measures for TY "PAENG".
- b. Placed Operations Center on BLUE Alert Status for coordination/monitoring and assistance.
- c. Coordinated with response agency and monitored the weather situation in area of responsibility.

- d. Ensured close coordination with response agencies and concerned LGUs regarding the situation updates and the effects of TY “PAENG”.
- e. Coordinated with Coast Guard Stations and Substation within the area regarding status of port operations.

DILG MIMAROPA

- a. Informed Provincial Focal Persons (PFPs) and concerned personnel for weather update and monitoring on the effects of Typhoon “PAENG”.
- b. Informed Provincial DRR Focal Persons thru DILG FB page and text message on the effects of Typhoon “PAENG”.
- c. Ensured that the weather advisories were disseminated down to the barangay level.
- d. Advised provinces to continue monitoring the weather update and advisories from the Central and Regional Offices.
- e. Encouraged DRRMOs and Municipal Local Government Operations Officer (MLGOO) to always be on alert and have an open line of communication to receive updates.
- f. Advised MLGOOs through social media and DILG provincial offices to closely coordinate with their respective MDRRMOs.
- g. Ensured that the Local Chief Executives were informed of the effects of TY “PAENG”.
- h. Ensured that food packs for disaster related incidents of respective LGUs were stored in location which cannot be reached by water in case of flooding.
- i. Sent weather bulletin and rainfall forecast to provinces regarding TY “PAENG” and Habagat.

DPWH MIMAROPA

- a. Activated Field Office Operation Center to monitor daily local weather condition and provide situational awareness.
- b. Alerted all P/C/M Quick Response Teams in five (5) provinces of MIMAROPA to regularly monitor the situations within their area.
- c. All members of R/P/C/M QRTs were on-call status and standby duty ready for deployment if needed.
- d. Advised P/M QRTs to coordinate with concerned LGUs to report any unusual eventualities in their respective areas and take appropriate actions.
- e. Information and Communication Technology Management Unit (ICTMU) was activated to ensure robust communication system.
- f. All members of Emergency Telecommunications Team were on on-call and standby status ready for deployment if needed.
- g. Ensured that the Emergency Telecommunications Equipment (GX Terminal, BGAN Terminals, and Satellite Phones) were in good condition and ready for deployment to areas that will experience potential emergencies.
- h. Ensured that there was an on-call truck available for delivery of goods and equipment to areas that will be affected.
- i. Placed logistical equipment and workforce on standby through coordination with SWADT and concerned LGU’s on management of stranded passengers.
- j. Ensured that Relief Goods both Food and Non-Food Items (F/NFI) were also ready and available at any given time.

- k. Closed coordination with the Office of Civil Defense (OCD) and RDRRMC MIMAROPA for any warning signal updates for monitoring purposes and response mechanism for areas that were affected.
- l. Purchased and replenished stockpile and prepositioned FFPs.
- m. Readied available stockpile of 34,030 family food packs to all SWADT and Regional Warehouses including prepositioned goods in identified GIDA/critical areas.
- n. Made available standby funds amounting to ₱2,506,561.75.

DOH MIMAROPA

- a. Coordinated and monitored the mobilization of all logistical requirements of the DOH needed in the Provinces.
- b. Monitored all health-related events on a 24/7 basis, including all regional and local events and incidents with potential impact to a particular area or the region as a whole.
- c. Coordinated with regional hospitals for their preparedness and availability of back-up teams.
- d. Coordinated with all health-related response efforts to major health emergencies and disasters.
- e. Facilitated the issuance of appropriate warnings to all concerned health offices and facilities in anticipation of impending emergencies.
- f. Prepositioned drugs, medicines, and medical supplies in provincial DOH offices and DOH retained hospitals.

Philippine Coast Guard (PCG) MIMAROPA

- a. Advised all PCG units to ensure strict implementation of HPCG Memorandum Circular Number 02-13 (Guidelines on Movement of Vessels during Heavy Weather).
- b. Placed Deployable Response Groups (DRGs) on standby status 24/7.

Philippine National Police (PNP) MIMAROPA

- a. Ensured the availability of search and rescue assets and personnel.
- b. Alerted all Police Provincial Office down to their lower units and monitored the situation within respective AORs.
- c. Lower units were directed to undertake precautionary measures and other disaster preparedness activities.

Bureau of Fire Protection (BFP) MIMAROPA

- a. Constantly coordinated with LGUs NGOs and other government agencies to support the operational activities.
- b. Alerted all BFP personnel for any disaster related response.
- c. All trucks and response asset were readily available in case it is needed.

LDRRMCs MIMAROPA

- a. Disseminated Weather Advisories to BDRRMCs and concerned member agencies.
- b. Ensured the availability of response assets and personnel.
- c. Disseminated information of possible impacts of TY "PAENG" especially to flood-prone, coastal, and landslide-prone areas.

4. RDRRMC VIII

OCD VIII

- a. Disseminated the Weather Advisories to RDRRMCs, PDRRMCs, CDRRMCs, LGUs, Local Radio Station, and line member agencies through SMS, info board, facsimile, and uploaded the same to OCD-

RDRRMC official social media accounts to ensure widest dissemination.

- b. Coordinated with LDRRMOs Region VIII and RDRRMC re Preparedness Measures for TY “PAENG”.
- c. Disseminated weather advisories to all RDRRMC Member Agencies, LDRRMOs, and Local Chief Executives (LCE).
- d. Monitored the effects of the weather disturbance in the Region.

DSWD VIII

Prepositioned a total amount of ₱3,132,000.00 relief goods to Leyte, Eastern Samar, Western Samar, and Biliran.

DOH VIII

- a. Conducted monitoring of weather updates.
- b. Prepositioned a total amount of ₱1,736,818.87 worth of logistics to the Provincial DOH Offices.

DENR-Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) VIII

Released updated geo-hazard maps to every LGUs with a scale of 1:10,000.

Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) VIII

Activated the Local Price Coordinating Council (LPCC) by concerned Municipal/City/Provincial, DRRMC.

Philippine Ports Authority (PPA) VIII

Conducted security measures to passenger Terminal Buildings for all government ports that were used as holding and queuing areas before embarking.

BFP VIII

Prepositioned rubber boats and placed personnel on standby.

PNP PRO VIII

- a. Placed on Alert status.
- b. Placed search and rescue team in LGUs on standby.
- c. Prepositioned two (2) rescue boats, two (2) 6x6 trucks for possible deployment.

Tactical Operations Group 8, Philippine Air Force (PAF)

- a. Vehicles were placed on standby and were readied for deployment.
- b. Two (2) helicopters were placed on standby in Catarman.
- c. SRR team was placed on alert status.

PDRRMC Eastern Samar

- a. Advised LGUs thru the MDRRMOs to be on alert status and monitored the Typhoon.
- b. Activated ERTs for possible deployment.
- c. Guided the fisherfolks not to venture out into the sea through MDRRMOs.

5. RDRRMC CAR

Cordillera Regional DRRM Council

- a. Alerted Provincial and Municipal / City DRRMOs regarding possible threats of Typhoon “PAENG”.
- b. Utilized all Early Warning Systems (EWS) such as the use of Public Address Systems, short messaging system (SMS), social media, radio

stations, and text blast systems (i.e. SMART Infoboard) to ensure the widest dissemination of timely weather and safety advisories.

- c. Issued an Advisory for public to refrain from doing outdoor activities (caving, spelunking, surfing, mountaineering, and other similar activities) and avoid going to landslide and flood-prone areas.
- d. Revisited respective Contingency Plans for Hydro-met hazards for possible activation and implementation.
- e. Conducted a Community Risk Assessment at Balbalan, Kalinga on 28 September 2018.

OCD CAR

- a. Deployed personnel and volunteers to various provinces of CAR to conduct risk assessment in high risk areas as well as to ensure the connectivity and coordination of the Provincial DRRM Emergency Operations Centers to the Cordillera RDRRMC EOC.
- b. Issued preparedness tips to prevent any possible eventualities due to the enhanced southwest monsoon and localized thunderstorms.
- c. Sent public advisories and warning alerts thru text blasts, social media, and all available means of communication in partnership with PIA-CAR and local media outlets.
- d. Coordinated with the LDRRMCs in the region on weather status, road conditions, and reported incidents.
- e. Conducted Community Risk Assessment at Balbalan, Kalinga regarding the possible effects of TY "PAENG" on 28 September 2018.
- f. Provided logistical support to DSWD in Wangal, La Trinidad, Benguet.

DSWD Cordillera

- a. Attended Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment Meeting for TY "PAENG".
- b. Opened its Training Center as waiting area for the relatives of the missing which were assisted by psychologists.
- c. Placed 550 tents ready to be used by the evacuees.
- d. Set the Sports Complex at Wangal, La Trinidad as a temporary shelter and one stop-shop for services from the government agencies.
- e. Placed on standby for possible disaster operations and/or augmentation.
- f. Installed 153 tents at Wangal, La Trinidad, Benguet.
- g. Prepositioned stockpiles and NFIs.
- h. Identified three (3) evacuation centers in the municipality of Tuba, Benguet after conducting an assessment.
- i. Provided resource augmentation to local government units (LGUs).
- j. Coordinated and communicated closely with Social Welfare and Development (SWAD) Teams, Provincial Social Welfare Development Officers (LSWDOs).

DILG Cordillera

- a. Prepositioned assets and equipment.
- b. Issued advisories to LGUs for necessary preparedness.
- c. Issued an advisory for the Activation of Disaster Operations Center in all Provinces and Municipalities.
- d. Issued an advisory for the conduct of pre-emptive evacuation to affected areas.

DOH Cordillera

- a. Attended Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment Meeting (PDRA) for TY "PAENG".

- b. Distributed Medicines, medical supplies, and hygiene kits to the rescuers.
- c. Medical teams were placed on standby in all provinces of Cordillera.
- d. Rapid Assessment Teams and Psychosocial Health Teams were placed on standby.
- e. Service Delivery Network was readied to be implemented of which, Region I assisted Abra.

BFP Cordillera

- a. Attended Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment Meeting for TY “PAENG”.
- b. Sent Duty Detailed Duty Officers to augment Staff Duty Officers at the Cordillera RDRRMC EOC.
- c. Placed on standby for possible disaster operations and/or augmentation.

Philippine Information Agency (PIA) Cordillera

Disseminated and provided warnings to the public thru SMS, social media, and media broadcast.

PRO Cordillera (PRO COR)

- a. Attended Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment Meeting (PDRA) for TY “PAENG”.
- b. Sent Duty Detailed Duty Officers to augment Staff Duty Officers at the Cordillera RDRRMC EOC.
- c. Placed on standby for possible disaster operations and/or augmentation.
- d. Placed the Regional Public Safety Battalion (RPSB) with basic search and rescue equipment on standby.
- e. PROCOR reported actions to be taken as prescribed in the Oplan "Saklolo". The Oplan lays down the support strategy, operational concept, and scheme of implementation to accomplish the PNP's support mission in times of disaster and calamity situations.

Abra Provincial Police Office (PPO) and Baguio City Police Station

- a. Directed local police stations to establish coordination with their respective LDRRMOs and other law enforcement agencies for a unified course of actions to ensure peace and others and attain zero casualty from the effects of Typhoon “PAENG”.
- b. Implemented pre-emptive evacuation to all areas susceptible to landslide and flashfloods.
- c. Assisted in the implementation of pre-emptive evacuation.
- d. Ensured safety and provision of assistance to the evacuees and displaced communities.
- e. Activated respective Emergency Operations Centers (EOCs).
- f. Mobilized standby first responders and preposition emergency resources.
- g. Established, strengthened and tested communication links and backups.

Benguet and Kalinga PPOs

Placed SAR Teams and equipment on standby alert for possible deployment.

Presidential Management Service CAR

Attended the Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment (PDRA) Meeting for TY "PAENG".

503rd Bde and 14RCDG, ARESKOM

- a. Attended Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment Meeting (PDRA) for TY "PAENG".
- b. Sent Duty Detailed Duty Officers to augment Staff Duty Officers at the Cordillera RDRRMC EOC.
- c. Placed on standby for possible disaster operations and/or augmentation.

PDRRMC Abra

- a. Conducted a Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment Meeting for Typhoon "PAENG" on 25 September 2018, 4:00 PM and raised the alert status to BLUE.
- b. Conducted initial discussion and meeting with Abra PDRRMO and PENRO Abra regarding the conduct of Community-Based Risk Assessment as well as preparedness measure for TY "PAENG" at the PDRRMC Operations Center.
- c. Conducted Community Risk Assessment in Licuan-Baay.

PDRRMC Mountain Province

- a. Conducted a Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment Meeting for Typhoon "PAENG" on 20 September 2018, 9:00 AM.
- b. Raised the alert status of the Mt. Province PDRRMC to RED on 27 September 2018, 8:00 AM.
- c. Processed the data gathered in Brgy. Gonogon, Bontoc together with PENRO personnel.
- d. Conducted Community Risk Assessment and IEC in Bontoc and Sagada.
- e. Distributed NFI's to Municipal DRRMs.

PDRRMC Kalinga

- a. Coordinated with Provincial Environment and Natural Resources Office in the conduct of Community-Based Risk Assessment.
- b. Processed Community Risk Assessment data gathered in the Province with PDRRMO.
- c. Conducted Community Risk Assessment in Santa Marcela.

PDRRMC Benguet

- a. Attended Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment Meeting (PDRA) for TY "PAENG".
- b. Benguet PDRRMC Emergency Operations Center (EOC) was placed on RED ALERT effective 10 September 2018.
- c. Conducted Community Risk Assessment and IEC in Itogon, Mankayan, Kabayan, Tuba, and Tublay.

PDRRMC Ifugao

Conducted Community Risk Assessment and IEC in Lagawe, Hungduan, Banaue, and Lamut.

CDRRMC Baguio

Baguio City DRRMC Emergency Operations Center (EOC) was placed on RED ALERT effective 10 September 2018.

MDRRMCs Alfonso Lista, Asipulo, Banaue, Hingyon, Hungduan, Langwe, and Mayoyao; Tinoc MPS (IFUGAO); Calanasan, Conner, Pudtol and Kabugao MPS (Abra)

Coordinated with concerned MDDRM Offices regarding the precautionary measures especially in landslide and flood-prone areas and mobilization of first responders and resources.

MDRRMCs Calanasan, Conner, Pudtol, Flora, Kabugao (Abra), Aguinardo, Banaue, Hingyon, Hungduan (Ifugao), and Baguio Police Office

Conducted IEC in the communities and advised residents living in flood-prone and landslide-prone areas to pre-emptively evacuate to a safer place.
